

Please fill the latest information in the blanks. If there is no change from the data already submitted, please only check the column.

If you give statistics, please indicate the year of the statistics in ().

City Data

City Name : TOKYO

Outline	
characteristics	N/A
history	<p>Tokyo has a 400-year history as the capital of Japan that started at the beginning of the Edo period. During this time, it suffered from earthquakes and war, but in the postwar period it was the driving force behind Japan's miraculous economic growth. Today, about 12 million people, nearly 10 percent of the nation's population, live, work, rest and learn in Tokyo.</p> <p>Tokyo has advanced in all fields, such as politics, economy and culture, and is the center of Japan's economy and society.</p> <p>On the other hand, urban problems, for example, decline of business vitality, chronic traffic congestion and aggravation of the environment, are all setbacks for Tokyo. Now the city has been set the task to realize a Tokyo that is vibrant and appealing, where people, goods, and information interact in a global city that boasts a great numbers of residents and visitors.</p>
total area(2006)	2,187.42km ²
natural environment	Tokyo is situated in the southwest of the Kanto plain. Strong seasonal winds blow during winter across the Kanto plain and the climate is dry, contrasting with the hot and humid weather of the summer.
climate / annual average temperature / annual average precipitation (2006)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Climate / annual average temperature : 16.4 degrees centigrade · Climate / annual average precipitation : 1,740. 0mm
urban problems	<p>Resolving traffic congestion and other negative legacies of the 20th century by completing the three loop roads, etc.</p> <p>Presenting an urban model to the world by realizing an even more functional and attractive Tokyo</p> <p>Making Tokyo a beautiful and safe city to enhance Tokyo's overall value and credibility by initiatives such as landscaping and concentrated efforts for measures against earthquake disasters, and leaving this as a legacy to future generations.</p>
urban planning	In December 2006, the Tokyo Metropolitan Government formulated "Tokyo's Big Change: The 10-Year Plan" (hereinafter the 10-Year Plan), which presents Tokyo's vision of the city in the Olympic year of 2016, and the direction of Tokyo's policies that will be taken to achieve these goals.
ethnicity and language(s) percentage()	Asian / Japanese
Population	
population (2007)	12,790,202
number of households (2007)	6,029,100
population density(2006)	5,797 / km ²
ratio of people 65 years old and over to total population(2005)	18.25%
infant mortality rate (2007)	0.27% (infant deaths/live-births)

Industry and Economy	
outline	N/A
major industry and main produce	service industry
GDP(2005: fiscal year)	4462.25billion US dollars
GRP of the city(2005: fiscal year)	817.27billion US dollars
per capita income of the city(2007)	42320.6 US dollars
per capita national income (2007)	25491.59 US dollars
number of employed in each industry(2005)	primary industries : 25,889(0.4 %), secondary industries : 1,108,964(18.7 %), thirdry industries : 4,575,993(77.4 %), others : 204,687(1.5 %)
unemployment rate(2007)	3.8%
Local Government	
function of city administration	Tokyo is a regional government encompassing 23 special wards, 26 cities, 5 towns and 8 villages. In the ward area, the metropolitan government takes on part of the work usually assigned to the municipalities including waterworks, to keep their unity and cohesion as a single "city." The other 39 municipalities are ordinary local public entities. The administrative and financial systems for the metropolitan government and its municipalities are the same as those for other prefectures. The government and its individual municipalities work on equal footing in performing the work in these categories, the former handling the broader administrative work and the latter overseeing services closer to the everyday lives of local residents.
number of staff in the city administration (2007: fiscal year)	168,134 (including police/fire fighting and school staff etc.,)
local government structure (type and number)	11 Governor's Bureaus, 3 Public Enterprise Bureaus, 7 Executive Commissions, etc.
term of mayor and election method	4 years / direct election
election method for assembly members	4 years / direct election
Finance	
annual revenue(2007)	60.11billion US dollars
annual expenditure(2007)	59.05billion US dollars
fiscal year	starting in April and ending in March

NOTE: In addition to the above, please send the following items to the Secretariat of ANMC21:

- (1) the Curriculum Vitae of the Governor
- (2) City Organization Chart
- (3) the latest Books or Pamphlets in English regarding your city (if your city have)