

Water Reclamation Center (Bureau of Sewerage, Tokyo Metropolitan Government)

1. 23 Ward Area

Reclamation center	System	Treatment Capacity (m ³ /day)
Shibaura	Conventional activated sludge process	850,000
Mikawajima	Conventional activated sludge process	465,000
	Carrier-added stepped Anaerobic-anoxic-oxic process	35,000
	Biological filtration process	200,000
Nakagawa	Conventional activated sludge process	225,000
Miyagi	Conventional activated sludge process	350,000
Sunamachi	Conventional activated sludge process	538,000
	Stepped Anaerobic-anoxic-oxic process	60,000
Ariake	Anaerobic-anoxic-oxic process (A2/O process) + Biological filtration process	30,000
Kosuge	Conventional activated sludge process	250,000
Kasai	Conventional activated sludge process	400,000
Ochiai	Conventional activated sludge process + Sand filtration process	450,000
Nakano	Conventional activated sludge process	46,000
Ukima	Anaerobic-anoxic-oxic process (A2/O process)	100,000
shingashi	Conventional activated sludge process	705,000
Morigasaki	Conventional activated sludge process (East)	927,000
	Conventional activated sludge process (West)	480,000
	Anaerobic-anoxic-oxic process (A2/O process) (East)	133,000

2. Tama Area (Regional Sewerage System)

Reclamation center	System	Treatment Capacity (m ³ /day)
Kita-Tama Ichigo	Conventional activated sludge process + Anaerobic-anoxic-oxic process (A2/O process)	271,000
Kita-Tama Nigo	Conventional activated sludge process + Anaerobic-anoxic-oxic process (A2/O process)	77,000
Tamagawa Joryu	Conventional activated sludge process + Anaerobic-anoxic-oxic process (A2/O process)	248,200
Minami-Tama	Conventional activated sludge process + Anaerobic-anoxic-oxic process (A2/O process)	150,100
Asakawa	Conventional activated sludge process + Anaerobic-anoxic-oxic process (A2/O process)	122,200
Hachioji	Conventional activated sludge process + Anaerobic-anoxic-oxic process (A2/O process)	160,400
Kiyose	Conventional activated sludge process + Anaerobic-anoxic-oxic process (A2/O process)	383,450